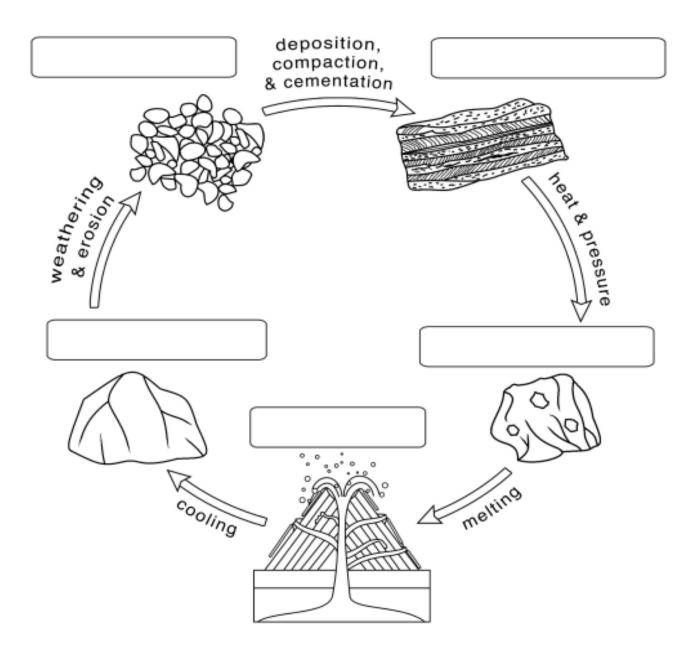


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## **Rocks and Fossils**

I. Complete the rock cycle using the word given below:

Sediments	Igneous Rock		Magma
Metamorphic Ro	ck	Se	edimentary Rock





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## II. Choose the best answer:

- 1. What are the three main types of rocks?
  - a) Igneous, sedimentary, and metamorphic
  - b) Volcanic, sandy, and shiny
  - c) Dinosaur, plant, and shell
- 2. How are igneous rocks formed?
  - a) They are made from melted rock that cools down.
  - b) They come from the ocean.
  - c) They are formed by animals.
- 3. Which of the following is an example of a sedimentary rock?
  - a) Marble
  - b) Sandstone
  - c) Diamond
- 4. How are sedimentary rocks formed?
  - a) They are made from melted rock.
  - b) They are squished together over time.
  - c) They come from outer space.
- 5. How are metamorphic rocks formed?
  - a) They are made from lava.
  - b) They are changed by heat and pressure.
  - c) They are formed by plants.
- 6. What is the rock cycle?
  - a) A game where rocks move around.
  - b) A continuous process where rocks change into different types.
  - c) A type of dance performed on rocks.
- 7. Which process is NOT part of the rock cycle?
  - a) Melting and freezing
  - b) Weathering and erosion
  - c) Compaction and cementation

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- 8. What role do heat and pressure play in the rock cycle?
  - a) They help rocks cool down.
  - b) They make rocks change into metamorphic rocks.
  - c) They make rocks float.
- 9. Can you name one example of how a rock might change from one type to another in the rock cycle?
  - a) Sand turning into a volcano
  - b) Limestone turning into marble
  - c) Ice turning into fire
- 10. Why is understanding the rock cycle important?
  - a) It helps us learn about dinosaurs.
  - b) It helps us understand how rocks change over time.
  - c) It helps us make delicious cakes.
- III. Arrange the steps of fossilization:

a)	Minerals from the sediment seep into the remains.	
b)	Layers of sediment build up over time, applying pressure.	

- c) Over millions of years, the organism becomes a fossil, preserving its shape and structure.
- d) Organism dies and is buried in sediment.
- e) Minerals replace the original materials of the organism.
- IV. Label the three main layers of soil in this diagram.

