1. C. functional
2. B. the making and wearing of sandals
3. A. Greek
4. A. moon-shaped
5. C. example

**Short Answer Questions:**

6. People in ancient Egypt mainly used rushes to make the soles of their sandals.

1. Rubber heels were popular because they lasted much longer than heels made of leather.
2. The first American shoes made without leather in 1917 had an upper material made of flexible canvas.
3. The first rubber-soled shoes were called "plimsolls" because of the distinctive line that marked the separation between the sole and the upper part of the shoe.
4. The primary material for making shoes for many centuries was leather.
5. The primary material for making shoes for many centuries was leather.
6. The significant change in the mid-1800s that improved the efficiency of shoemaking was the invention of the sewing machine.
7. The practicality of boots in muddy conditions influenced footwear choices during the seventeenth century because dirt roads were common, and people needed sturdy and protective footwear.
8. The term used to describe the quietness of the first American shoes made without leather in 1917 was "sneakers."
9. The ancient Greeks started decorating and dyeing their sandals over time to make fashion statements.

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