

I can already ...

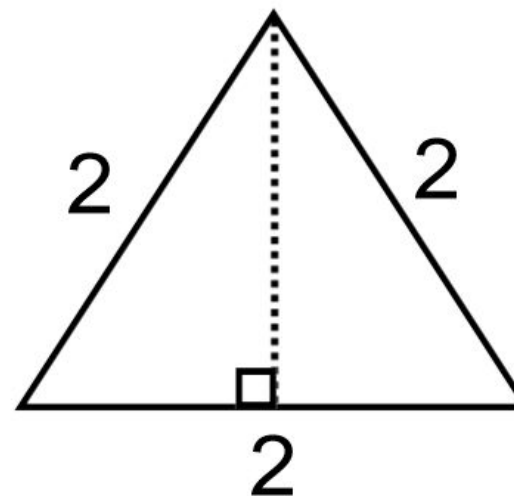
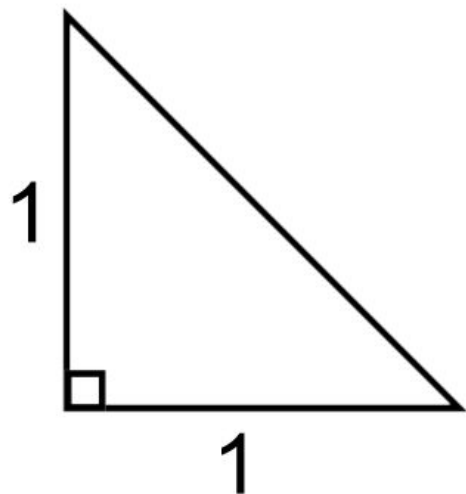
- Use Pythagoras' Theorem
- Find missing lengths using SOHCAHTOA

Useful Formulae

Key words

TOPIC: Trigonometry - Exact Values

Find the value of every side and angle in the following triangles



Use the previous diagrams to complete the table below

	0°	30°	45°	60°	90°
$\sin\theta$					
$\cos\theta$					
$\tan\theta$					

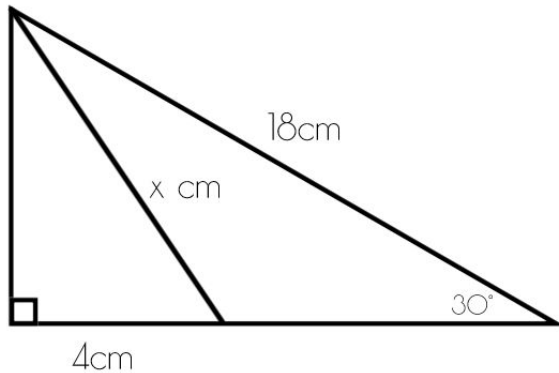


TOPIC: Trigonometry - Exact Values

The angles in a triangle are in the ratio 1 : 2 : 3.

It can be shown that the triangle is right-angled.
The hypotenuse of the triangle is 15cm long.
Calculate the length of the shortest side in the triangle.

Calculate the exact length marked x

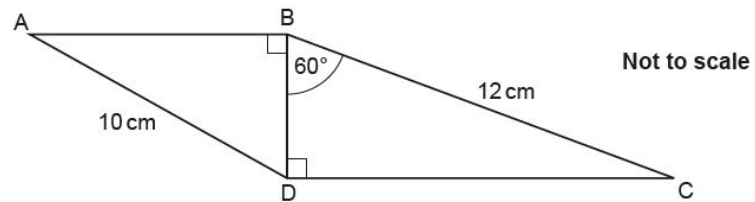


THE EXAM QUESTION

The diagram shows two right-angled triangles ABD and BCD, sharing a common side BD.

$AD = 10$ cm, $BC = 12$ cm

Angle $DBC = 60^\circ$.



Work out the length of AB.

Key Points to Remember